

Basic Nursing

1.

What is the most preferred site for Intramuscular injection in children?

1. Mid Deltoid site
2. Vastus lateralis site
3. Ventrogluteal site
4. Dorsogluteal site

2.

Place the vital sign in order of priority for the nursing interventions:

(A).Respiratory rate (RR)= 28 breaths/minute

(B).SpO₂= 89%

(C). Temperature=37.3⁰c

(D).Heart Rate=72beats/minute

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

1. (B),(A),(C),(D)
2. (C), (A), (B) (D)
3. (A), (C), (D) (B).
4. (B), (C), (D) (A)

3.

Match **List-I** with **List-II**

Mechanical Devices used to promote the Physical comfort of the patient

List-I	List-II
Mechanical Devices	Physical Comfort
(A). Bed Cradles	(I). To lift the hip from the bed
(B). Bed Blocks	(II).To relieve the pressure on certain parts of the body.
(C). Air Cushion	(III). To arrest hemorrhage
(D). Air Ring	(IV). To prevent the top cloth coming in contact with the patient

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

1. (A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)
2. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)
3. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
4. (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

4.

The enema given to relieve the gaseous distension of abdomen by increasing peristalsis and expulsion of flatus is ____

1. Carminative Enema
2. Cold Enema
3. Glycerin Enema
4. Astringent Enema

5.

Instructional Objectives are also known as

1. Specific Objectives
2. General Objectives
3. Professional Objectives
4. Intermediate Objectives

6.

Operant Conditioning is a technique used in:

1. Motivational Counselling
2. Group Counselling
3. Behavioural counselling
4. Vocational Counselling

7.

Ability of the tool to measure , what it seeks to measure is called

1. Validity
2. Objectivity
3. Reliability
4. Practicability

8.

All are the components of Microteaching EXCEPT-

1. Recording
2. Reviewing
3. Recalling
4. Redoing

9.

Branch of Pharmacology that deals exclusively with side effects of drugs is _____

1. Pharmacovigilance
2. Pharmacopeia
3. Pharmacodynamics
4. Pharmacokinetics

10.

Match **List-I** with **List-II**

List-I	List-II
Drug group	Drugs
(A). ACE Inhibitor	(I). Telmisartan
(B). Angiotensin antagonist	(II). Digoxin
(C). Calcium channel blocker	(III). Captopril
(D). Cardiac glycoside	(IV). Diltiazem

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

- (A) - (II), (B) - (III), (C) - (I), (D) - (IV)
- (A) - (III), (B) - (I), (C) - (IV), (D) - (II)
- (A) - (II), (B) - (I), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)
- (A) - (IV), (B) - (I), (C) - (II), (D) - (III)

11.

Choose **TRUE** sentences from the definitions given below:

- (A). **Side effects** are harmful or seriously unpleasant effects occurring at doses intended for therapeutic effects, which call for reduction of dose or withdrawal of the drug.
- (B). **Toxicity** implies a direct action of the drug often at high dose, damaging cells.
- (C). **Adverse effects** are actions of drugs that are not specifically desired in a treatment and are exerted at therapeutic dose levels.
- (D). **Idiosyncrasy** implies an inherent qualitative abnormal reaction to a drug, usually due to genetic abnormality.

- (B) and (D) only.
- (A) and (C) only.
- (B) and (C) only.
- (C) and (D) only.

12.

Misoprostol is indicated in all **EXCEPT**

- Hyperhydrosis
- Prevention of NSAID-induced gastric ulcers
- MTP
- Labour induction/Cervical ripening

13.

Damage to Wernicke's area of the left temporal lobe results in _____

- Impairment in understanding speech and written language
- Contralateral neglect
- Increased impulsiveness
- Loss of initiative and drive

14.

An increase in the ability to extract information from the environment as a result of experience or practice with the stimulation coming from it is called _____.

1. Cognitive learning
2. Experiential learning
3. Perceptual learning
4. Rot learning

15.

Any relatively permanent change in behaviour that occurs as a result of practice or experience is defined as _____

1. Education
2. Learning
3. Conditioning
4. Classical conditioning

16.

_____ refers to a shared historical and cultural heritage.

1. Race
2. Ethnicity
3. Culture
4. Diaspora

17.

The systematic annihilation of one category of people by another, also known as ethnic cleansing, is termed as _____.

1. Genocide
2. Colonisation
3. Dominance
4. Homicide

18.

_____ refers to learning and performing the socially accepted characteristics for a given sex.

1. Gender identity
2. Gender role
3. Gender performance
4. Gender fluidity

19.

The type of binder used to secure the dressing on the rectum, perineum and in the groin.

1. Straight binder
2. Sling
3. T- Binder
4. Abdominal binder

20.

Name the type of fracture that occurs when bone is cracked and bent without breaking completely across.

1. Depressed Fracture
2. Impacted fracture
3. Commuted fracture
4. Greenstick fracture

21.

Match **List-I** with **List-II** The type of burn sustained and its management

List-I	List-II
Type of Burn	Management
(A). Chemical Burn.	(I). Immediately shutoff current from main circuit
(B). Electrical Burn	(II). Allow fresh air circulation around the victim
(C). Inhalation Burn	(III). Stop the burning process by extinguishing flames
(D). Thermal burns	(IV). Wash the site with plain water with Soda bicarb

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

1. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
2. (A) - (I), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)
3. (A) - (IV), (B) - (I), (C) - (II), (D) - (III)
4. (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

22.

Which staining technique cannot demonstrate spirochetes?

1. Simple staining
2. Impregnation staining
3. Negative staining
4. Differential staining

23.

Spherical or oval cell bacteria are known as

1. Cocci
2. Bacilli
3. Vibrios
4. Spirilla

24.

Actinomycetes are

1. Bacteria that are cell wall deficient and do not have stable morphology
2. Flexuous spiral formed bacteria
3. Branching filamentous bacteria
4. Bacteria presented in cuneiform

25.

Bacteria which can synthesise all their organic compounds are called

1. Autotrophs
2. Heterotrophs
3. Chemotrophs
4. Phototrophs

26.

One of the following is not the nutritional deficiency disease:

1. Diabetes Mellitus
2. Anaemia
3. Thyroid Disorders
4. Osteomalacia

27.

Match **Set A** with **Set B**

Set A	Set B
(A).Conjugated protein	(I). Tryptophan
(B).Essential Amino Acid	(II).Haemoglobin
(C). Semi-essential Amino Acid	(III). Oral thrush
(D). Deficiency of riboflavin	(IV).Arginine

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

1. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
2. (A) - (II), (B) - (I), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)
3. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)
4. (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

28.

Amino acids are classified into essential, non essential and semi essential acids.The Non essential amino acids are all **EXCEPT**

1. Glutamic acid
2. Cysteine
3. Proline
4. Alanine

29.Match **List-I** with **List-II** The types of splints used for different body parts

List-I	List-II
Type of Splint	Applied on body parts
(A).Thomas splint	(I). Used to immobilize the hip
(B).Arm splint	(II).Used for immobilization of the fracture of upper and lower extremities.
(C). Gooch's splint	(III). Used for the immobilisation of the fracture of humerus
(D). Liston's splint	(IV).Used for the immobilization of fracture of the femur or Tibia

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

- (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
- (A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)
- (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)
- (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

30.

Omega 3 and Omega 6 are fatty acids which are required for a healthy individuals

- Polyunsaturated fatty acids
- Monosaturated fatty acids
- Unsaturated fatty acids
- Saturated fatty acids

Clinical Speciality

31.

The basic steps in conducting an RCT includes the following:

- Randomisation, Selecting reference population, Manipulation
- Drawing up a protocol, Intervention, Assessment of outcome
- Randomisation, Selecting reference and experimental populations, Intervention
- Randomisation, Manipulation,Assessment of outcome

32.

Epidemiological determinants are

- Agent, Host, Environment
- Host, Environment, Transmission
- Agent, Host, Incubation period
- Environment, Transmission, Incubation period, clinical features

33.

_____ is a neglected public health issue in many tropical and subtropical countries

1. Poisoning
2. Snake bite
3. Falls
4. Burns

34.

Which ICTC provides training to staff of existing health facilities on counselling and testing services of HIV?

1. Standalone ICTC
2. F-ICTC
3. Mobile-ICTC
4. Fixed facility ICTC

35.

Which vaccines can be given to a child between 1-5 years of age, who has never been vaccinated?

1. 3 doses of DPT and OPV-1 month apart alongwith booster dose after 6 months, Measles x 2 doses, 2 ml Vit-A solution
2. DPT1, OPV1, Measles and 2 ml Vit A Solution
3. First, second and third doses of DPT at 1 month intervals with booster dose after 6 months after DPT3
4. Measles, OPV, 2 ml Vit A solution and DPT booster dose

36.

The priority interventions under adolescent health programme are

1. AFHCs, WIFS, VHND, Counselling, Menstrual hygiene scheme
2. Out reach activities, WIFS, Facility based Counselling, Menstrual hygiene scheme
3. Adolescent nutrition, Menstrual hygiene, Adolescent health clinics, Counselling and preventive health check ups
4. ARSH services, WIFS, VHND, health check ups

37.

National health protection scheme is a flagship program under _____.

1. National Family Welfare Programme
2. Health and wellness centre
3. Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana
4. Ayushman Bharat

38.

Principle health outcomes of family planning include the following

1. Women's health, Foetal health, Infant and child health
2. Mother and child health, Small family norm, Eligible couples
3. Mother and child health, Couple protection rate, Target couples
4. Women and child welfare, contraception, small family norm

39.

Main health problems affecting health of the mother and child in India are _____.

1. Poor health care delivery, Population explosion, Gender inequality
2. Violence against women, female foeticide, social inequality of women
3. Malnutrition, Infection, uncontrolled reproduction
4. Domestic abuse, substance abuse, sexual abuse

40.

A term neonate who is appropriate for gestational age would be born at

1. 36 weeks 5 days with birth weight 2.45 kg
2. 39 weeks with birth weight 2.45 kg
3. 42 weeks 1 day with birth weight 2.6 kg
4. 41 weeks 5 days with birth weight 2.6 kg

41.

Baby with birth Weight of <1000 gm is termed as

1. LBW Baby
2. VLBW baby
3. ELBW baby
4. SFD baby

42.

Dose of Injection Adrenaline (1: 10,000) for neonatal resuscitation is

1. 0.1 -0.3 ml/kg
2. 1 - 3 ml/kg
3. .01 - .03 ml/kg
4. .001-.003 ml/kg

43.

'Flag Sign' is a clinical feature seen in

1. Marasmus
2. Iron deficiency Anaemia
3. Kwashiorkor
4. Iodine Deficiency

44.

Four Essential components of TOF (Tetralogy of Fallot) are

1. PDA, VSD, TGA , Over Riding of Aorta
2. TGA, Pulmonic stenosis, Over riding of Aorta, VSD
3. Pulmonary stenosis, VSD, Left Ventricular Hypertrophy, over riding of Aorta
4. Pulmonary Stenosis, VSD, Right Ventricular Hypertrophy , Over Riding of AORTA

45.

Injection Sodabarbonate should be diluted in

1. Normal Saline
2. Dextrose solution
3. Ringers Lactate
4. Distilled water

46.

Iron supplementation is contraindicated in which of the condition

1. Iron Deficiency Anaemia
2. Sickle cell Anemia
3. Thalassemia
4. Aplastic Anemia

47.

Premature closure of the skull sutures is termed as

1. Microcephaly
2. Macrocephaly
3. Craniosynostosis
4. Neurocysticercosis

48.

Infant with a body weight of 10 Kg is kept Nil per orally for surgery. How much IV fluid should be administered per hour to this child

1. 100 ml/hr
2. 40 ml/hr
3. 120 ml/hr
4. 80 ml /hr

49.

Knee Chest Position is given in cyanotic spell because

1. It reduces peripherhal resistance and pooling of blood in the peripheries
2. It Increases periperal resistance and pooling of blood in the peripheries
3. It increases Right to Left shunt
4. It increases peripheral vasodilation

50.

Human milk containsgms of protien

1. 2.2 gm/100 ml
2. 1.1 gm/100 ml
3. 3.3 gm/100 ml
4. 4.4 gm/100 ml

51.

Psychosexual stage of development of a toddler is.....

1. Oral stage
2. Genital stage
3. Phallic stage
4. Anal stage

52.

Asphyxia refers to a combination of

1. Hypoxia, Hypercarbia and Metabolic acidosis
2. Hypoxia, Hypercarbia and Hypoglycemia
3. Hypoxia , Hypercabria and Hypothermia
4. Hypoxia, Hypercarbia and Hyperthermia

53.

Simian crease is a characteristic feature of which syndrome

1. Guillian Barre Syndrome
2. Down Syndrome
3. Sick Sinus Syndrome
4. Nephrotic Syndrome

54.

Father of Psychiatry

1. Asciepiades
2. Philip Pinel
3. Pythagoras
4. Clifford Beers

55.

Repetitive and non purposeful movement carried out uniformly in the absence of external stimulus is termed as

1. Mannerisms
2. Tremors
3. Perseveration
4. Stereotype

56.

Which neurotransmitter is involved in movement, pain perception and memory?

1. Histamine
2. Dopamine
3. Acetylcholine
4. Norepinephrine

57.

Which of the following is not a component of Mini mental status examination?

1. Orientation
2. Attention
3. Calculation
4. Insight

58.

Which of the following is a typical antipsychotic?

1. Risperidone
2. Clozapine
3. Quetiapine
4. Haloperidol

59.

The client who is a chronic alcohol abuser admitted to psychiatric unit with symptoms of gross memory disturbance, disorientation, confusion, confabulation and impairment of insight. The nurse understand that the client has the symptoms of.....

1. Wernicke's syndrome
2. Korsakoff's syndrome
3. Alcohol induced mood disorder
4. Alcohol hallucinosis

60.

Irrational fear of being in places away from familiar setting of home is known as

1. Agoraphobia
2. Social phobia
3. Acrophobia
4. Algophobia

61.

Which of the following is not a neurotic disorder?

1. Phobic anxiety disorder
2. Obsessive compulsive disorder
3. Catatonic Schizophrenia
4. Somatoform Disorder

62.

Repetition or mimicking of words heard is termed as

1. Echolalia

2. Echopraxia
3. Amitendency
4. Posturing

63.

A nurse in prenatal clinic is assessing a 28 year old woman who is 24 weeks pregnant. which of the following findings would lead the nurse to suspect that the client has mild preeclampsia.

1. Glycosuria, Hypertension , Seizures
2. Haematuria, Blurry vision, Decreased urine output
3. Hypertension, Oedema, Proteinuria
4. Hypotension, Burning micturition, vomiting

64.

The cord is attached to the margin of the placenta in

1. Velamentous Placenta
2. Placenta Fenestrata
3. Battledore Placenta
4. Placenta Membranecea

65.

'Rooming in' concept means

1. Keeping baby in cradle & mother giving care
2. Placing mother & baby together,where the mother provides care
3. Baby is admitted in NICU & mother goes to provide care
4. Baby kept with other newborns & midwife provides care

66.

Most common drug used in stimulation of ovulation

1. Chlorambucil
2. Clomiphene Citrate
3. Methotrexate
4. Cyclophosphamide

67.

A client in the 13th week of pregnancy develops hyperemesis gravidarum. which of the following laboratory findings indicate the need for intervention.

1. Urine specific gravity of 1010
2. Serum Sodium of 140 mEq/L
3. Presence of ketones in urine
4. Serum Potassium of 4.0 mEq/L

68.

In case of shoulder dystocia the maneuver used to rotate the posterior shoulder to a anterior position (180 degree) by a cockscrew movement is called as

1. Wood's Maneuver
2. All Fours" position
3. Extraction of posterior arm
4. Zavanelli Maneuver

69.

Intrauterine pressure in the second stage reaches

1. 40- 90 mm Hg
2. 100-120 mm Hg
3. 130-150 mm Hg
4. 160-200 mm Hg

70.

The coordination between fundal contraction & cervical dilatation is called

1. Polarity
2. Dextrorotation of the Uterus
3. Contraction of Uterus
4. Retraction of uterus

71.

The methods used for induction of labour are the following except

1. Use of prostaglandins
2. Stripping of membranes
3. Fundal massage
4. Artificial rupture of membranes

72.

The earliest sign of placental separation is

1. Changes in shape & consistency of abdomen
2. Permanent lengthening of umbilical cord
3. Sudden gush of vaginal bleeding
4. Increase in the hight of fundus

73.

The nurse tells a client that his potassium level is 3.0 mEq/L. She explains that the client should

1. Eat more vegetables like beans and cauliflower
2. Stay in bed with side rails elevated
3. Expect some discomfort from IM injection of potassium..
4. Report any burning or tingling after the intravenous infusion is started

74.

Obese individuals are at risk for postoperative complications because they have

1. Hypertension
2. Sodium and potassium deficiencies
3. Decreased cough strength and depth
4. An increased tendency to bleed

75.

Which one of the following diagnostic tests can be used to detect early cancer of the cervix, respiratory and digestive tracts?

1. Acid Phosphatase
2. Aspiration biopsy
3. Papanicolaou test
4. Computed tomography (CT scan)

76.

The laboratory study that best indicates immunocompromise is

1. Electrolytes
2. Blood urea nitrogen
3. Complete blood count with differentials
4. Erythrocyte sedimentation rate

77.

The treatment for local pain control in an acute exacerbation of rheumatoid arthritis is

1. Continuous range of motion exercises
2. Massaging the involved joints
3. Administration of aspirin
4. Surgical joint replacement

78.

Which one of the following nursing measures is appropriate to decrease intracranial pressure?

1. Encourage vigorous coughing and deep breathing
2. Elevate the head of the bed 30-45 degrees
3. Apply wrist restraints to an agitated client to prevent movement
4. Monitor the patient's mental status every half hourly

79.

A client has been experiencing seizures in rapid succession, the physician orders Injection Lorazepam given slowly till seizure stops. After administration of I.V lorazepam, the nurse should assess for

1. Tachycardia

2. Hypertension
3. Respiratory depression
4. Tissue hypoxia

80.

Which one of the following clinical manifestations would the nurse expect to find in a client with Guillain Barre Syndrome

1. Disorientation to time and place
2. Ascending weakness, beginning in lower extremities
3. Hyperreflexia
4. Loss of sensation

81.

While the nurse is caring for a client with C5 quadriplegia, the client complains of severe headache, nausea and nasal congestion. On assessment the client has a pulse of 40 and BP of 190/110. which nursing action is most appropriate at this time?

1. Place the client in a supine position
2. Assess for bladder distension
3. Administer oxygen
4. Administer medication for pain

82.

The client with cataract will exhibit

1. Photophobia and glare
2. Ocular pain on waking
3. Rainbow halos around lights
4. A shadow falling across the field of vision

83.

Which of the following are common observations with disorders of the ear

1. Pain, tinnitus, loss of balance
2. Discomfort, itching of the ear, headache
3. Tinnitus, headache, impaired visual acuity
4. Impaired visual acuity, loss of balance, discomfort

84.

At which stage in Tuckman's Model, the group observes the highest level of disagreement and conflict?

1. Forming
2. Norming
3. Storming
4. Performing

85.

A condition or characteristic that can take on different values or categories is called a

1. Constant
2. Variable
3. Cause and effect relationship
4. Descriptive relationship

86.

There is a relationship between years of nursing experience and job satisfaction among nurses is an example of

1. Associative hypothesis
2. Casual hypothesis
3. Directional hypothesis
4. Non directional hypothesis

87.

Which of the following is considered as a threat for internal validity of an experimental research?

1. Hawthorne effect
2. Reactive effect of pretest
3. Experimental effect
4. Effect of maturation of subjects

88.

The phenomena which refers to the degree of correlation of two measures of the same concept administered at the same time is known as

1. Criterion validity
2. Construct validity
3. Content validity
4. Face validity

89.

The sampling method which involves a random start and then proceed with the selection of every k^{th} element from the population is

1. Simple random sampling
2. Stratified random sampling
3. Systematic random sampling
4. Cluster random sampling

90.

A set of abstract and general concepts that are assembled to address a phenomenon of central interest is termed as

1. Meta Theory
2. Grand theory
3. Theoretical propositions
4. Conceptual model

91.

The type of research conducted to generate theory or knowledge that is validated in practice through applied research is

1. Basic research
2. Historical research
3. Phenomenological research
4. Action research

92.

Which type of research provides the strongest evidence about the existence of cause and effect relationships?

1. Non experimental research
2. True experimental research
3. Descriptive research
4. Correlational research

93.

A research design where you make observations prior to and immediately after introducing your independent variable:

1. Explorative design
2. Pre test - post test design
3. Post test only design
4. Descriptive design

94.

A mixed method research which involves using multiple data collection and analysis methods, multiple data sources and multiple theories is termed as

1. Triangulation
2. Bracketing
3. Equivalence
4. Ethnography

95.

Non Parametric test examples involve

1. Mann Whitney & Chi square test
2. "t" test and "F" test
3. "Z" test and ANOVA test
4. "t" test & "Z" test

96.

The most sensitive vaccine which should be stored at a temperature of minus 20 degree is

1. DPT
2. Tetanus Toxoid

3. Polio
4. BCG

97.

Revised National Tuberculosis Control programme was launched in the year

1. 1956
2. 1967
3. 1992
4. 1998

98.

The number of daughters a newborn girl will bear during her lifetime assuming fixed age specific fertility and mortality rates is

1. Net Reproduction Rate
2. General Marital Fertility Rate
3. Gross Reproduction Rate
4. Total Fertility Rate

99.

Disasters like flash floods and avalanches are typical examples of this natural hazard

1. Geophysical
2. Hydrological
3. Meteorological
4. Climatological

100.

An airborne occupational disease caused by inhalation of cane fibre among factory workers is

1. Silicosis
2. Siderosis
3. Bagassosis
4. Byssinosis

101.

Cholesteatoma refers to a sac of squamous epithelium extending from the tympanic membrane into the

1. Internal Ear
2. External Ear
3. Middle Ear
4. Eustachian tube

102.

The heart assumes its normal four -chambered shape by the end of ----- weeks of intrauterine life.

1. 4

2. 3
3. 7
4. 6

103.

Grimacing and facing contortions are distortions of

1. Movement
2. Position
3. Expression
4. Sensation

104.

The most preferable type of delivery considered safest in cardiac cases is

1. Vaginal delivery
2. Forceps delivery
3. Caesarean section
4. Ventouse delivery

105.

The ideal method of contraception for spacing of births in a diabetic mother is

1. Barrier method
2. Low dose combined oral pills
3. Progestin only pills
4. IUCDs

106.

All are part of assisted breech delivery except

1. Burns - Marshall Method
2. Loveset's Maneuver
3. Zavanelli Maneuver
4. Modified Mauriceau Smeille Veit technique

107.

Spaldings sign is seen in

1. Preterm births
2. Intrauterine fetal deaths
3. Low birth weight babies
4. IUGR babies

108.

Following ovulation the ruptured graffian follicle develops into corpus luteum. The four stages of life cycle in sequence are

- (A) Stage of proliferation
- (B) Stage of maturation
- (C) Stage of Vascularisation
- (D) stage of Regression

1. (A), (B), (C), (D).
2. (A), (C), (B), (D)
3. (B), (A), (D), (C).
4. (C), (B), (D), (A).

109.

In thoracentesis, the patient lies on the unaffected side with the head of the bed elevated at

1. 35 to 45 degree
2. 30 to 45 degree
3. 30 to 40 degree
4. 25 to 35 degree

110.

Left sided heart failure results in

1. Pulmonary congestion
2. Abdominal Bloating
3. Hepatomegaly
4. Edema

111.

Sengstaken-Blackmore tube is used to treat

1. Oesophageal varices
2. Gastric ulcer
3. Duodenal ulcer
4. Cirrhosis of liver

112.

Russell's traction is a modification of

1. Bucks Traction
2. Skin traction
3. Pelvic traction
4. Skeletal traction

113.

A legal wrong committed against a person or property is called

1. Breach of contract

2. Tort
3. Statute
4. Grievance

114.

Structured methods of acquiring knowledge in nursing are

1. Logical reasoning, assembled information and problem solving
2. Assembled information, problem solving and Tradition
3. Assembled information, problem solving and Experience
4. Assembled information, problem solving and Trial & error

115.

Case study research is a type of _____ research

1. Quantitative
2. Qualitative
3. Mixed method
4. Correlational

116.

Acronym **SMART** objectives stands for _____ -

1. Simple, Measurable, Attractive, Realistic and Time-bound
2. Specific, Measurable, Appropriate, Recordable and Testable
3. Sequential, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic and Testable
4. Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic, Time-bound

117.

_____ are declarative statements about a phenomenon, which are largely believed to be true even in the absence of significant facts.

1. Operational definition
2. Hypotheses
3. Assumptions
4. Declaration of conflict of interests

118.

Projection is explained as

1. Consciously or unconsciously channeling instinctual drives into acceptable activities
2. Replacing unacceptable feelings with their exact opposites
3. Consciously or unconsciously blaming someone else for one's difficulties
4. Unconsciously discharging pent up feelings to a less threatening object

119.

Arrange the following events in chronological order:

- (A).Electro convulsive therapy was used for the treatment of psychosis
- (B).Indian Lunacy act was passed.
- (C).Lithium was used for the treatment of mania
- (D).First mental hospital in Williamsburg, US was built

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

1. (D), (B), (A), (C).
2. (A), (C), (B), (D).
3. (C), (A), (D), (B).
4. (B), (A), (D), (C).

120.

When did the Niti Aayog come into existence?

1. 2012
2. 2013
3. 2014
4. 2015

121.

Which of the following is **NOT** part of the planning process

1. Establishment of objectives
2. Creating a plan of action
3. Recruiting staff
4. Delegation of responsibilities

122.

An organisation that defines hierarchical relationships, authority and responsibilities is a

1. Informal organisation
2. Formal organisation
3. Line organisation
4. Functional organisation

123.

The type of ward that is divided into small cubicles and beds are arranged parallel to longitudinal wall is called

1. Open ward
2. Nightingale ward
3. Rigs ward
4. Square

124.

Which is a learning disorder in the reading domain ?

1. Dystonia
2. Echolalia
3. Dyslexia
4. Cyclothymia

125.

The nurse should warn the clients on antidepressant therapy with MAOIs against the danger of consuming tyramine rich food which can lead to

1. Weight gain
2. Sedation
3. Hypertensive crisis
4. Blindness

126.

While taking which drug it produce a rapid and violently unpleasant reaction in the person who ingests even a small amount of alcohol

1. Haloperidol
2. Disulfiram
3. Acamprosate
4. Lorazepam

127.

Match **Regulatory bodies** with **year of inception**

Regulatory bodies	Dates
(A) TNAI	(I) 1949
(B) SNA	(II) 1899
(C) INC	(III) 1908
(D) ICN	(IV) 1929

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

1. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
2. (A) - (I), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)
3. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)
4. (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

128.

Which Principle of organization is concerned with assigning a proportionate number of persons under a supervisor

1. Principle of balance
2. Principle of span of control
3. Principle of defining authority
4. Principle of unity of command

129.

Which principle of hospital planning advocates that there should be proper space for patients movement, staff movement, supply delivery, disposal, laundry, food and other domestic services ?

1. Principle of circulation
2. Principle of integration
3. principle of separation
4. Principle of safety

130.

Which Committee laid down the basis for the primary health care?

1. Mudaliar Committee
2. Kartar Singh Committee
3. Bhore committee
4. Mukherjee Committee

General Intelligence

131.

Which country's PM has been named as the most popular leader in the global Leader Approval Survey?

1. China
2. Japan
3. India
4. Australia

132.

What is the target year of ending AIDS as a public health threat set by the United Nations?

1. 2025
2. 2030
3. 2035
4. 2040

133.

"Kill Switch" which was seen in the news recently, is associated with which disease?

1. Diabetes Mellitus
2. Cancer
3. HIV
4. Covid-19

134.

Which of the following disciplines is eligible of the Dhanwantri Award?

1. Literature
2. Sports
3. Medicine
4. Dance

135.

Who received a Nobel Prize for discovering how salt and water are transported in and out of cells in the human body?

1. John E.Sultan
2. Roderick Mackinnon
3. H.Robert Horvitz
4. Rutherfords

136.

Hwasong - 18 was in news in Jul 2023. It is

1. An Intercontinental Ballistic Missile (ICBM)
2. An air to air Missile
3. A scorpene class submarine
4. A Spaceship

137.

The first satellite go into the space was

1. Sputnik
2. Challenger
3. Luna
4. Explorer

138.

Which institution has been exempted from the perview of the Right to information Act 2005 by Union Government

1. CERT-In
2. Election Commission of India
3. RBI
4. SEBI

139.

Where is battle field of Plassey?

1. Punjab
2. Haryana
3. West Bengal
4. Karnataka

140.

Who was the first emperor of Maurya Empire?

1. Chandragupta Maurya
2. Samudragupta Maurya
3. Ashoka
4. Harsha

English

141.

Insert the suitable conjunction for the following:

----- you try, you will not succeed.

1. Until
2. Unless
3. When
4. Lest

142.

Complete the sentence with the suitable preposition;

Who is ----- girl sitting there?

1. the
2. a
3. an
4. as

143.

Change the voice

Billiards is played by them

1. They play billiards
2. They have been playing billiards
3. They are playing billiards
4. They is playing billiards

144.

Change the voice of the sentence to active/passive form

I saw him opening the box

- (A) He was seen open the box
- (B) He was seen opening the box
- (C) He seen open the box
- (D) He was seen opened the box

1. (D) only.
2. (C) only.
3. (B) only
4. (A) only.

145.

Replace the highlighted word with a synonym from the choices given below

She proved her **determination** to overcome her adverse situations

1. Mendacity
2. Mettle
3. Ostentation
4. Prudence

146.

Match the words with their antonyms

List-I	List-II
Words	Antonyms
(A). Ludicrous	(I). Veteran
(B). Lax	(II). Stable
(C). Mercurial	(III). Meticulous
(D). Novice	(IV). Congruous

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

1. (A) - (II), (B) - (IV), (C) - (III), (D) - (I)
2. (A) - (I), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)
3. (A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)
4. (A) - (II), (B) - (IV), (C) - (III), (D) - (I)

147.

Fill the gap with the correctly spelt word in the sentence

Your political opinion will necessarily _____ on your public life

- (A) Impinge
- (B) Inpinge
- (C) Imping
- (D) Inping

1. (A)
2. (B)
3. (C)
4. (D)

148.Match **List-I** with **List-II**

List-I	List-II
(A) A speech by a dramatist at the end of the play	(I) Monologue
(B) A speech by a dramatist at the beginning of the play	(II) Eulogy
(C) A poem of mourning	(III) Prologue
(D) A speech uttered by one person	(IV) Epilogue

- (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
- (A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)
- (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)
- (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

149.

Choose the correct meaning of the idioms given in bold in the sentence

The party stalwarts have advised the president to take it **lying down** for a while.

- to show no reaction
- to be on the defensive
- to take a nap
- to go into hiding

150.

Choose the correct option to turn the direct speech given below into indirect speech

'German is easy to learn' she said

- She was saying that German is easy to learn
- She has been saying that German is an easy language to learn
- She always says that German is easy to learn
- She said German is easy to learn